

**ORIGINAL SIDE JURISDICTION**

**COURT FEE PAYABLE IN THE HIGH COURT IN THE FOLLOWING CATEGORY  
OF THE CASES AS PER THE AMENDED BOMBAY COURT FEES ACT, 1959  
(WITH EFFECT FROM 1st OCTOBER, 2001)  
SCHEDULE – II**

**Fixed Fees**

<b>CATEGORY</b>	<b>ARTICLES OF BOMBAY CRT. FEES ACT , 1959</b>	<b>COURT FEES PAYABLE</b>
1. Application or petition	a) When presented to the High Court---  (i) [***] for directions, orders or writs under article 226 of the Constitution for any purpose other than the enforcement of the fundamental rights conferred by Part III thereof;  (ii) For directions, orders or writs, under article 226 for the enforcement of any of the fundamental rights conferred by Part III of the Constitution or for the exercise of its jurisdiction under article 227 thereof;  (iii) in any other case not otherwise provided for by this Act.	[One hundred twenty five rupees]  [Two hundred and fifty rupees]  [Twenty rupees]  [Twenty rupees]
2. Application for leave to sue as pauper	---	[Five rupees]
3. Application for leave to appeal as a pauper	(a) When presented to a Commissioner or the High Court.	[Twenty rupees]

4. Undertaking under section 49 of the Indian Divorce Act, 1860	--	[Ten rupees]
5. Mukhtarnama or Wakalatnama.	(a) to the High Court,	[Ten rupees]
6. Memorandum of appeal when the appeal is not from a decree or an order having the force of a decree, and is presented--	(c) to the High Court	[Twenty five rupees]
7. Caveat	(i) When presented to the High Court	[Fifty rupees.]
8. Application --- (a) Under rule - 58 of Order XXI of the Code of Civil Procedure, 1908 regarding a claim to attached property.	When the amount or value of the property exceeds five hundred rupees.	[Fifty rupees]
8. Plain, application, petition, or memorandum of appeal under the Parsi Marriage and Divorce Act, 1936, the Special Marriage Act, 1954 or the Hindu Marriage Act, 1955 Provided that, where in addition to divorce damages are claimed.	---	[One hundred rupees]  A fee as above plus a fee on the amount of damages claimed according to the scale prescribed under Article 1 of Schedule I
9. Plaint, petition or application (including memorandum of appeal) which is capable of being treated as a suit-  (a) For annulment of marriage; (b) For dissolution of marriage, (c) In suit for custody of minor; (d) For restitution of conjugal rights (e) For judicial separation;	--	[One hundred rupees] [One hundred rupees] [Seventy Five rupees] [One hundred rupees] [One hundred rupees] [Ad valorem fee payable, as if

(f) In or to any Civil Court not otherwise provided for and the subject-matter of which is not capable of being estimated in money value		the amount or value of the subject-matter was three hundred rupees]
10. Copy or translation of a judgement or order not being, or having the force of decree	When such judgement or order is given or made by the High Court	[Ten rupees]
11. Copy of a decree or order having the force of a decree	When such decree or order is made by the High Court.	[Twenty Five Rupees]
12. Election petition questioning the election of a person in respect of the office -- (a) Of Sarpanch or Upa-Sarpanch or member of a panchayat;  (b) Of councillor or member of Municipal Council, Zilla Parishad, Panchayat Samiti] or such other Local Authority;  (c) Of Mayor or Councillor of a Municipal Corporation of Greater Bombay or Mayor or Deputy Mayor or Councillor of the Corporation of the City of Nagpur or a Municipal Corporation established under the Bombay Provincial Municipal Corporations Act, 1949 , or President, Vice President, Chairman or Deputy Chairman of any local authority referred to in clause (b)]	----	[Fifty rupees]  [One hundred fifty rupees]  [Five hundred rupees]
13. Application or petition of the court under Section 391, 439 or 522 of the	---	[Two hundred rupees]

Companies Act, 1956.		
14. Applications ---		
(a) For order of arrest or attachment before judgement or for temporary injunction;	----	[Ten rupees]
(b) For compensation for arrest or attachment before judgment or in respect of temporary injunction obtained on insufficient grounds	---	[Ten rupees]
(c) For the appointment of a receiver in a case in which the ap[licatn has no present right of possession of the property in dispute;	---	[Twenty rupees]
d) For setting aside decree passed ex-parte or for review of order dismissing suit for default	---	[Five rupees]